State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M.P.
(Government of India, Ministry of Environment & Forests)

Research and Development Wing
Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board
Paryavaran Parisar, E-5. Arera Colony
Bhopal-4620 16
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No: 1174 / SEIAA /12
Date: 27-3-12

To,
M/s Laxmi Narayan Patidar & Jeetmal Patidar
(IBD Royal City), 74,
one-II, M.P. Nagar,
Bhopal (M.P.)

Sub: - Case No. 651/2011, Prior Environmental Clearance for Residential Complex
"IBD Royal City" Village: Misrod, P.H No. 42, Tehsil: Huzur, Distt. - Bhopal
(M.P.) Total Land Area - 3.031 ha, Total Built Up Area - 27662.16 sqmt. by
M/s Laxmi Narayan Patidar & Jeetmal Patidar (IBD Royal City) 74, Zone-
II, M.P. Nagar, Bhopal (M.P.)

This has reference to your letter no. nil dtd nil received in SEIAA office on
31.10.2011, for seeking Prior Environmental Clearance for the above project under
the EIA Notification, 2006. The proposal has been appraised as per prescribed
procedure in the light of provisions under the EIA Notification, 2006 on the basis of
the mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz., the Form - I, Form - IA,
Conceptual Plan, drawings & the additional clarifications furnished in response to the
observations of the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) and State
Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) constituted by the competent
Authority.

II. It has been noted that the proposal is for residential complex "IBD Royal City"
project proposed in an area of 3.031 ha and has built up area of 27662.16 sqm.
located in part of Khasra No. 105/1, 105/2 at Village: Misrod, P.H No. 42, Tehsil:
Huzur, Distt. - Bhopal (M.P.). The height of residential block proposed in the
project is 20.40 m (6 floors + stilt). The proposed total water requirement is 283
KLD, out of which 187.35 KLD shall be used for the domestic purpose while
95.92 KLD for flushing. Total waste water generation is 255 KLD. A sewage
treatment plant of capacity 270 KLD will be provided by the Project Proponent at
site to treat the waste water generated. The solid waste is about 1136 kg/day.
The total power requirement would be around 1500 KW and will be supplied by
MPSEB and back up is also proposed by using 1 DG set 200 KVA capacity. An
area of 1800 Sq.m. shall be covered under plantation.

III. The project has been considered in accordance with the provisions of the EIA
notification issued by the Ministry of Environment & Forests vide S.O. 1533 (E),
dated September 14, 2006.

Correspondence Address: Member Secretary, SEIAA, Environmental Planning and
Coordination Organisation (EPCO), Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal - 462016
Registration No.: To be quoted in registered cases for correspondence

Case no. 651/2011
Based on the information submitted, as at Para II above and others the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) considered the case in its 104th meeting dt. 04.09.2012 and decided to accept the recommendations of 98th SEAC meeting dt. 23.07.2012.

Hence, Prior Environmental Clearance for proposed Residential Complex "IBD Royal City" Village: Misrod, P.H No. 42, Tehsil: Huzur, Distt.- Bhopal (M.P.) Total Land Area = 3.031 ha, Total Built up Area = 27662.16 sqmt. by M/s Laxmi Narayan Patidar & Jeetmal Patidar (IBD Royal City) 74, Zone-II, M.P. Nagar, Bhopal (M.P.) is accorded for the part of Khasra numbers 105/1 & 105/2 indicated in the layout map approved by Town and Country Planning Deptt. Vide no. 198/L.P.56/29/Na.Gra.Ni./Jl.Ka./2010-2011 Bhopal dtd 02.02.11 under the provisions of EIA notification dt. 14.09.2006, subject to the compliance of the Standard Conditions enclosed at Annex-I and specific conditions as recommended by SEIAA & SEAC:

1. A buffer zone of 30 m is already in place as 'no activity area' an additional 30 meter strip has to be reserved for green area development with 'no construction' within the plot area. Slope of this strip has to be maintained towards the project such that no water is drained into the river from the project site.

2. STP has to be provided towards 'Northern' boundary of the plot at far most point from the river side.

3. Back of the river has to be developed properly through landscaping and stepped up towards the project.

4. No drain i.e. storm water or otherwise should be towards the river.

5. Clear 30 meters setback from the edge of the land adjoining the river should be kept open.

6. The total requirement of water is 283 KLD (187 KLD fresh water and rest recycled water from STP). It was noted that the PP has obtained permission of the water supply for 283 KLD from the Bhopal Municipal Corporation (vide letter no. 18/PM/JNNURMW 2012 Bhopal dtd 04.01.12). It was decided that the fresh water demand should not go beyond 187 KLD. Secondly no ground water shall be extracted.

7. Looking to the height of the building 20.40 m (6 floors - 18 m + still parking) w.r.t. fire fighting provision it was decided that as per MP Bhumi Vikas Niyam 2012 the width of internal front road should be 18 m & front M.O.S. 9 m and rear sides MOS 6.0 m.

Encl: Annex-I

(Manohar Dubey)
Member Secretary

Endt No.1175/SEIAA/12 Dated: 27-9-12
Copy to:-

1. The Secretary, Department of Environment, Government of Madhya Pradesh, Bhopal

* Correspondence Address: Member Secretary, SEIAA, Environmental Planning and Coordination Organisation (EPCO), Paryavaran Parishar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal - 462016
* Registration No.: To be quoted in registered cases for correspondence

Case no. 651/2011
2. The Chairman, State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M. P. Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-462016

3. The Collector, Distt-Bhopal

4. The Commissioner, Municipal Corpn., Bhopal

5. The Member Secretary, Madhya Pradesh State Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal- 462016

6. The Jt. Director, Town & Country Planning, Bhopal

7. Division Monitoring Cell, MoEF, New Delhi- 110 003

8. Director (S), Regional Office, Western Region, Kendriya Paryawarn Bhawan, Link Road No. 3Ravi Shankar Nagar, Regional office of the MOEF, Bhopal-462015


Encl: Annex-I

(Dr Vinita Vipat)
Officer-in-Charge

Correspondence Address: Member Secretary, SEIAA, Environmental Planning and Coordination Organisation (EPCO), Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal - 462016

Registration No.: To be quoted in registered cases for correspondence

Case no. 651/2011
State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M.P.
(Government of India, Ministry of Environment & Forests)
Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
Paryавaran Parish, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-462016

Annex-I

Standard Conditions related to under item 8(a) & 8(b) of the schedule of EIA
notification, 2006
(Building/construction projects / area development projects & township)

A. Construction Phase

1. The construction site shall be provided with adequately barricades of at least 3 m height
on its periphery with adequate signage.

2. All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting any
construction work and are to be maintained throughout the project phase.

3. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all
necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, safe
drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of
temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.

4. Occupational health and safety measures for the workers including identification of work
related health hazards, training on malaria eradication, HIV, and health effects on
exposure to dust etc. shall be carried out. Periodic monitoring for exposure to respirable
dust on the workers shall be conducted and records maintained including health records
of the workers. Awareness programme for workers on impact of dust on their health and
precautionary measures like use of personal equipments etc. shall be carried out
periodically.

5. A First Aid Room will be provided in the project both during construction and operation of
the project.

6. All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in
horticulture/landscape development within the project site.

7. Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the
neighbouring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general
safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of
competent authority.

8. Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground
water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.

9. Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials, must
not be allowed to contaminate water courses and the dump sites for such material must
be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.

10. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, should be disposed off as
per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the M.P. Pollution Control
Board.

(Dr R P Singh)
Officer-in-Charge

(Dr Vinila Vipat)
Officer-in-Charge

(Dr Sadhna Tiwari)
Officer-in-Charge

Issued Vide No. SEIA/PEPCO
Dated 27-7-2012

1 of 6
11. The diesel generator sets (if any) to be used during construction phase should be low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environment (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.

12. The diesel required (if any) for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosives shall be taken.

13. Wastewater generated from temporary labour tents will be diverted to the sewer network in the area.

14. No water logging should take place at any point during construction phase.

15. If the project site is located within the 100 km of Thermal Power Stations, then fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003.

16. As far as possible ready mixed concrete should be used in construction work.

17. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-peak hours.

18. Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/ MPPCB.

19. Storm water control and its use should be as per CGWB and BIS standards for various applications.

20. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.

21. Care shall be taken during the wet drilling activities.

22. Spread of contaminated water should be prevented by installing temporary barriers of G.I. Sheets.

23. To prevent surface and ground water contamination by oil/grease, leak proof containers shall be used for storage and transportation of oil/grease. The floors of oil/grease handling area will be kept effectively impervious.

24. On-site burning of waste material will not be permitted.

25. Ground water should not be used during construction phase. Private tanker water suppliers may be asked to supply water during construction phase.

26. Commitment towards CSR have to be followed strictly.

27. Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.

(Officer-in-Charge)

(Dr R P Singly)

(Dr Vinita Vipat)

(Dr Sachna Tiwari)

Issued Vide No. SEIAAVEPCO

Dated 9-2-2012

9-2-12
26. Wherever possible, the area around the STP / ETP should be surrounded with dense green belt.

29. To reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning, high quality double glass with special reflective coating in windows should be promoted.

30. Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.

31. Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code which is proposed to be mandatory for all air-conditioned spaces while it is aspirational for non-air-conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.

32. Approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings due to earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc.

E. Operation Phase

1. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) as submitted by PP in the office of SELAIA should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the Regional office of the Ministry of Environment & Forest, GoI before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated effluent discharge from STP shall be recycled/reused to the maximum extent possible. Treated effluent shall conform to the norms and standards of the M.P. Pollution Control Board. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.

2. Treated waste water should not be used for air conditioning.

3. Treatment of 100% grey water by decentralized treatment should be done.

4. The bio-medical waste (if applicable) generated should be disposed off as per the provisions of Bio-medical waste (Management and Handling) Rules 1988 as amended till date.

5. Provision of separate entrance / exit gate should be made for collection of segregated bio-medical waste (if applicable) from the storage area.

6. The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. Wet garbage should be composted and dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off at the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material as per CPCB norms.

7. Diesel power generating sets, if proposed as source of back up power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Low sulphur diesel must be used. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board.

(Dr R P Singh)  
Officer-in-Charge

(Dr Vinita Vipat)  
Officer-in-Charge

(Dr Sadhna Tiwari)  
Officer-in-Charge

Issued Vide No.: SELAIA/EPCO

Dated: [Date]
8. No water logging should take place at any point during operation phase.

9. The Project Proponent shall explore the possibility of using solar energy wherever possible.

10. Provision for plantation has to be made as per Madhya Pradesh Bhumi Vikas Niyam, 1984.

11. Any hazardous waste generated during operation phase, should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the M.P. Pollution Control Board.

12. Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards of CPCB.

13. Weep holes in the compound walls shall be provided to ensure natural drainage of rain water in the catchment area during the monsoon period.

14. Rain water harvesting for roof run-off and surface run-off, should be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease. The bore well for rainwater recharging should be kept at least 5 mts. above the highest ground water table.

15. The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Central Ground Water Authority.

16. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.

17. A Report on the energy conservation measures confirming to energy conservation norms finalize by Bureau of Energy Efficiency should be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology, R & U Factors etc and submit to the Regional office of Ministry of Environment & Forest, GOL in three months time.

18. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible.

19. The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.

20. The area earmarked for the parking shall be used for parking only. No other activity shall be permitted in this area.

21. Ozone Depleting Substances (Regulation & Control) Rules shall be followed while designing the air conditioning system (if any) of the project.
C. Others

1. All activities / mitigative measures proposed by PP in Environmental Impact Assessment (if applicable) and approved by SEAC must be ensured.

2. All activities / mitigative measures proposed by PP in Environmental Management Plan and approved by SEAC must be ensured.

3. All parameters listed in Environmental Monitoring Plan approved by SEAC must be monitored at approved locations and frequencies.

4. Project Proponent has to strictly follow the direction/guidelines issued by MoEF, CPCB and other Govt. agencies from time to time.

5. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and shall not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure shall be reported to the MoEF, GoI, and its Regional Office located at Bhopal.

6. The Ministry or any other competent authority may alter/modify the conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.

7. The Environmental Clearance shall be valid for a period of five years from the date of issue of this letter.

8. The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on 1st June and 1st December of each calendar year on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data to the regulatory Authority in hard and soft copies.

9. The Regional Office, MoEF, GoI, Bhopal and MPPCB shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. A complete set of documents including Environment Impact Assessment Report, Environmental Management Plan and other documents information should be given to Regional Office of the MoEF, GoI at Bhopal and MPPCB.

10. The Project Proponent shall inform to the Regional Office, MoEF, GoI, Bhopal and MPPCB regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.

11. In the case of expansion or any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project shall again require prior Environmental Clearance as per EIA notification, 2006.

12. The SEIAA of M.P. reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.

13. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained (as and when applicable), by the project proponent from the respective competent authorities.
14. These stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.

15. The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, \( \text{SO}_2 \), NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company and in the public domain.

16. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF.

17. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

18. A copy of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the Project Proponent to the Heads of the Local Bodies, Panchayat and municipal bodies as applicable in addition to the relevant officers of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.

19. The Project Proponent shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at website of the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIIAA) at www.mpseiaa.nic.in and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Regional Office, MoEF, Gwalior, Bhopal.

20. Any appeal against this prior environmental clearance shall lie with the Green Tribunal, if necessary, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.