



State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M.P.
(Government of India, Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change)

Environmental Planning Coordination Organization (EPCO)
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No: 331 SEIAA/2019

Date: 23.4.19

To,
M.P. Police Housing & Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd
G-13, First Floor, M.I.G. Colony,
Behind Christian Eminent School,
Indore (M.P.) 452001

Sub:- Case No. 5798/2018: Prior Environment Clearance for proposed Construction of (48+192) High-Rise Qtrs., GRP Land at 71 Bicholi Hapsi, Indore, MP. Total Plot area : 56220 sq.m. Development Plot area: 46225.37sq.m. Total built up area: 23924. by M.P. Police Housing & Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd G-13, First Floor, M.I.G. Colony, Behind Christian Eminent School, Indore (M.P.) 452001, E-mail: srp_indoremppolice. gov. in, sprailindoremp @ gmail.com mpphidclindore2 @ gmail.com Ph -0731-2550472 Env't. Consultant: Ind Tech House Consult, Delhi

Ref: Your application dtd. 14.11.2018 received in SEIAA office on 16.11.2018.

With reference to above the proposal has been appraised as per prescribed procedure & provisions under the EIA notification issued by the Ministry of Environment & Forests vide S.O. 1533 (E), dated 14th September 2006 and its amendment, on the basis of the mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz., Form I, Form IA, Conceptual Plan, drawings and subsequently PPT & the additional clarifications furnished in response to the observations of the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) and State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) constituted by the competent Authority.

- i. The proposed project is construction of (48+192) High-Rise Qtrs. at GRP Land, Bicholi Hapsi, Indore, Madhya Pradesh. Total project will be developed on plot area of 46225.37 sq. m. Which is part of existing police housing complex on total plot area 56220 sq. m., It comprises total of 3 number of building blocks (2 constable blocks and 1 NGO block) along with adequate parking facilities. Total dwelling units (DUs) 240. Maximum no. of proposed floors for residential block is S+12/B+S+6.
- ii. As per the T & CP Indore (vide let no. 918/INDLP-5025/18/NAGRNI/2019, dtd. 02.02.2019) the total land area is 1.230ha. The total built up area proposed by PP is 23924.83 sq.m. The project is also recommended by high-rise committee meeting dtd. 11.01.19. The project comes under 8 (a) category of schedule of EIA Notification, 2006 because total construction is between 20,000 sq.m. & 1, 50,000 sq.m and plot area is less than 50 ha.
- iii. It is noted that the distance of this project site from the Ralamandal Wildlife Sanctuary is <10 km for which PP has applied online for wild life clearance with proposal no. FP/MP/Others/3772/2019 dtd. 04/01/2019 PP as per OM No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) Dated 02/12/2009.
- iv. Regarding land documents PP has submitted Khasra Panchsal 2018-19. As per the Khasra Panchsala the land is Govt. land and under possession of Madhya Pradesh Police Housing Infrastructure & Development Corporation.

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- v. Total water demand of the project is 128 KLD out of which the fresh water demand will be 71 KLD and sourced by Nagar Palika Nigam, Indore. Treated water will be met through on site STP. **PP has submitted letter dtd. 29.10.18 issued by Indore Municipal Corporation for Water Supply.**
- vi. Total waste water generated from the project is 82 KLD, which will be treated on site STP having capacity of 100 KLD. 57 KLD recycled waste water will be used for flushing, DG cooling and green belt development and rest 8 KLD treated water will be discharged into public sewer. **PP has submitted letter dtd.27.10.18 issued by Indore Municipal Corporation for disposal of treated waste water.**
- vii. Solid Waste Management: 0.61 TPD solid wastes will be generated including approx. 0.40 TPD biodegradable wastes. The segregated biodegradable waste will be composted in Organic Waste Converter and will be used as manure for field application. Non biodegradable wastes disposed through Nagar Palika Nigam, Indore. **PP has submitted letter dtd. 06.11.18 issued by Indore Municipal Corporation for disposal of solid waste.**
- Hazardous Waste Management: Nominal amount of hazardous waste will be generated from the DG operation and will be disposed through authorized vendor.
- Total e-waste generated per day is 3.9 Kg/day. E-waste will be collected and stored in separate storage area and will be handed over to authorized vendor of MPPCB/MOEF as per E-waste management & handling rules 2016.
- viii. PP has proposed to provide roof top rain water harvesting system with 03 nos. of recharging pits.
- ix. PP has proposed the maximum height of the building is 36.50m. PP has provided Road width 45m, Front MOS 15 m and side/rear 7.5 m.
- x. For fire fighting, PP has proposed that the entire building shall be provided with a fire suppression system comprising over head water storage tanks, dedicated fire pumps on terrace, hose reels, wet riser, yard hydrants and sprinkler system as per National Building code (NBC). Each Floor will have fire hydrant station and each lobby shall be provided with one set extinguisher. In the proposed project Alarm system shall be provided. An independent fire hydrant ring main is proposed to run around the buildings.
- xi. The total power requirement is 720 KVA. For backup source PP has proposed 1 Nos. D.G. Set (160KVA).
- xii. For energy conservation PP has proposed use of local building material to reduce pollution & transportation energy. All the pumps shall have efficiency as per ECBC norms. Energy efficient lighting fixture LED lamps to be provided in common areas through solar panel etc.
- xiii. Total proposed parking is 300 ECS (Surface & Stilt Parking-263 and basement-37 ECS)
- xiv. PP has proposed proposed an area of 8884 sq.m. (19.22 % of Plot Area) for Green belt development by planting 578 numbers of trees.
- xv. The total estimated cost of project is Rs. 36 Crores.
- xvi. As per MoEF&CC office memorandum No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 01.05.2018, Rs. 72 Lakhs i.e. 2 % of total cost of the project will be allocated for CER activities.

Based on the information submitted at Para i to xvi above and others, the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) considered the case in its 532nd meeting held on 02.04.2019 and decided to accept the recommendations of 349th SEAC meeting held on dtd. 05.03.2019.

Hence, Environmental Clearance is accorded under the provisions of EIA notification dtd. 14th September 2006 and its amendments to proposed Construction of (48+192) High-Rise Qtrs., GRP Land at 71 Bicholi Hapsi, Indore, MP. Total Plot area : 56220 sq.m. Development Plot area: 46225.37sq.m. Total built up area: 23924. by M.P. Police Housing

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& Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd G-13, First Floor, M.I.G. Colony, Behind Christian Eminent School, Indore (M.P.) 452001 subject to the compliance of the Standard Conditions and the following additional Specific Conditions as recommended by SEIAA & SEAC in its meetings.

A. Specific Conditions as recommended by SEIAA:-

1. The fresh water supply arrangement should be met through Municipal Corporation and there should no extraction of ground water.
2. The inlet and outlet point of natural drain system should be maintained with adequate size of channel for ensuring unrestricted flow of water.
3. **Disposal of waste water.**
 - a. PP should ensure disposal of waste water arrangement should be done in such a manner that water supply sources are not impaired.
 - b. PP should ensure linkage with municipal sewer line for disposal of extra treated waste water.
4. **Solid Waste Management:**
 - a. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste.
 - b. The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. Wet garbage should be composted and dry inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material.
 - c. Ensure linkage with Municipal Corporation for final disposal of MSW.
 - d. The proponent should ensure that the project fulfills all the provisions of Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 including collection and transportation design etc
5. PP should ensure building height, road width, front MOS and side / rear as per approved layout of T & CP.
6. **For firefighting:-**
 - a. PP should ensure distance of fire station approachable from the project site.
 - b. As per MPBVR, 2012 rule 42 (3) PP should submit necessary drawings and details to the Authority (Nagar Nigam, Indore) incorporating all the fire fighting measures recommended in National Building Code part – IV point no. 3.4.6.1. The occupancy permit shall be issued by Nagar Nigam only after ensuring that all fire fighting measures are physically in place.
7. **For Rain Water Harvesting, and Ground water recharge:-**
 - a. PP should ensure the rain water harvesting with 03 nos. of recharging pits and these pits should be connected laterally to consume the surplus runoff. In addition, PP should provide recharging trenches. The base of the trenches should be Kachha with pebbles.
 - b. The storm water from roof – top, paved surfaces and landscaped surfaces should be properly channelized to the rain water harvesting sumps through efficient storm water network as proposed. The budget should be included in EMP plan for storm water management.
 - c. Rain water harvesting for roof run- off and surface run- off, as plan submitted should be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease.

8. **PP should ensure to provide car parking** 300 ECS(Surface & Stilt Parking-263 and basement-37 ECS) as proposed.
9. **For Energy Conservation PP should Ensure :-**
 - a. Use of LED lights in the common areas, landscape areas, signage's, entry gates and boundary compound walls etc.
 - b. Solar lights provide for common amenities like Street lighting & Garden lighting.
 - c. PP should ensure installation of photovoltaic cells (solar energy) for lighting in common areas, LED light fixtures, and other energy efficient equipments.
10. **Air Quality and Noise:-**
 - a. Dust, smoke & debris prevention measures such as wheel washing, screens, barricading & debris chute shall be installed at the site during construction including plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers for trucks bringing in sand & material at the site.
11. **Green belt :-**
 - a. PP should ensure plantation in an area of 8884 sq.m. two rows in periphery, besides, this along the road, around open space area, parking area and other amenities. Trees of indigenous local varieties like Neem, Peepal, Kadam, Karanj, Kachnaar, Saltree, Gulmohar etc.should be planted.
 - b. The green belt of the adequate width and density preferably with local species along the periphery of the plot shall be raised so as to provide protection against particulates and noise.

B. Specific Conditions as recommended by SEAC

I. Statutory Compliance

- i. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- ii. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of building due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- iii. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for wildlife, as project lies within the 10 kms radius of Ralamandal Abhayaran.
- iv. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish/Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/Committee.
- v. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water/surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vi. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- vii. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Fire Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- viii. The provisions for the solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- ix. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power Strictly.

II. Air Quality Monitoring and preservation

- i. Notification GSR 94(E) dated: 25/1/2018 MoEF & CC regarding Mandatory implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for project requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv. Total Power Requirement for the proposed project is 720 KVA.
- v. Diesel power generating sets proposed (Capacity – 160 KVA) as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG Sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Low sulphur diesel shall be used on DG Sets. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with MP Pollution Control Board.
- vi. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking wills all around the site plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, Murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust polluting at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vii. Sand, Murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
- viii. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- ix. Unpaved surface and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- x. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (are not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules, 2016.
- xi. The gaseous emission from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xii. For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India shall be provided.

III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- ii. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iii. Total fresh water use shall not exceed 71 KLD, and treated water available for reuse 65KLD.
- iv. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be to monitor to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF & CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

- v. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- vi. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- vii. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- viii. PP should explore the possibility of providing water saving devices/fixtures (Viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation.
- ix. Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done and should be a "Zero Liquid Discharge" project.
- x. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xi. Rain water harvesting recharge pits 3 nos. shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
- xii. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xiii. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
- xiv. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xv. Sewage shall be treated in the STP 100 KLD with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent of 65 KLD from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing and gardening. The 8.0 KLD treated surplus water shall only be disposed in to municipal drain after having approval from the competent authority.
- xvi. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- xvii. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odor problems from STP.
- xviii. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Control Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

- i. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitoring during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.
- ii. Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- iii. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets (Capacity- 160 KVA), noise barriers for ground run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

V. Energy Conservation measures.

- i. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Building in the State which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii. Energy conservation measures like installation of LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- iv. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed in meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/local building bye-law's requirement, whichever is higher.
- v. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power.

VI. Waste Management

- i. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- ii. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iii. Organic waste (0.4 TPD) Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 Kg/person/day must be installed.
- iv. E-waste (3.9 Kg/d) should properly dispose of through authorized vendors.
- v. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over the authorized recyclers for which a written lie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the MP Pollution Control Board.
- vii. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction materials quantity. These include fly ash brick, hollow bricks AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum block, compressed earth blocks and other environmental friendly materials.
- viii. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016 Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x. Used CFLs, TFLs and other e-waste should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid contamination.

VII. Green Cover

- i. Not tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolute necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department.
- ii. Peripheral plantation all around the project boundary shall be carried out using tall saplings of minimum 2 meters height of species which are fast growing with thick canopy cover preferably of perennial green nature. As proposed in the plantation scheme minimum of 1842 no's of trees to be planted. PP will also make necessary arrangements for the causality replacement and maintenance of the plants.

- iii. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- iv. The 8884 sq. meters (19.22%) of total area shall be provided for green belt development as per the details provided in the project document.
- v. As proposed, the green belt development / plantation activities should be completed within the first three years of the project and the proposed species should also be planted in consultation with the forest department.
- vi. Topsoil should be stripped to depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stock piled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetations on site.

VIII. Transport

- i. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public and private network. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongesting plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the road within a 05 Kms radius of the project as maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of the development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management and the PWD/competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

IX. Human health issues

- i. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii. For indoor air quality the ventilation, provisions as per National Building Code of India shall be provided.
- iii. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implementation.
- iv. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labor within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile, STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

X. Corporation Environment Responsibility

- i. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated: 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
- ii. In the EMP PP has proposed Rs. 12.50 lakh as capital cost and Rs. 10.85 lakh/year for recurring expenses in the construction phase of the proposed project where as Rs. 44.4.50 lakh as capital cost and Rs. 15.0 lakh/year for recurring expenses in the operation phase.
- iii. Under CER different activities the PP proposed Rs, 73.0 Lakh.
- iv. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The Environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balance and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental/forest/wildlife norms/conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements/deviation/violation of the Environmental/forest/wildlife norms/conditions and/or shareholders/stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six monthly reports.
- v. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- vi. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.

XI. Miscellaneous

- i. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- ii. The proposed land use of the project is as follows:

1	Total Plot Area	56220	sq. m
2	Net Plot Area	46225.37	sq. m
	Net Plot Area-Landuse Breakup		
A	Open Parking Area	2200	sq. m
B	Green Area	8884	sq. m
C	Circulation Area	5347.94	sq. m
D	Ground Coverage	2378.06	sq. m
E	Undisturbed Area	27415.37	sq. m
	Total (A+B+C+D+E)	46225.37	sq. m

- iii. No further expansion or modification in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
- iv. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and



any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India/High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

Standard Conditions:

1. All activities / mitigative measures proposed by PP in Environmental Impact Assessment (if applicable) and Environmental Management Plan approved by SEAC must be ensured.
2. All parameters listed in Environmental Monitoring Plan approved by SEAC must be monitored at approved locations and frequencies.
3. Project Proponent has to strictly follow the direction/guidelines issued by MoEF, CPCB and other Govt. agencies from time to time.
4. The Ministry or any other competent authority may alter/modify the conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.
5. The Environmental Clearance shall be valid for a period of Seven years from the date of issue of this letter.
6. The Project Proponent has to upload soft copy of half yearly compliance report of the stipulated prior environmental clearance terms and conditions on 1st June and 1st December of each calendar year on MoEF & CC web portal - <http://www.environmentclearance.nic.in/> or <http://www.efclearance.nic.in/> and submit hard copy of compliance report of the stipulated prior environmental clearance terms and conditions to the Regulatory Authority also
7. The Regional Office, MoEF, Gol, Bhopal and MPPCB shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. A complete set of documents including Environment Impact Assessment Report, Environmental Management Plan and other documents information should be given to Regional Office of the MoEF, Gol at Bhopal and MPPCB.
8. The Project Proponent shall inform to the Regional Office, MoEF, Gol, Bhopal and MP PCB regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.
9. The SEIAA of M.P. reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
10. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained (as and when applicable), by the project proponent from the respective competent authorities.
11. The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NO_x (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company and in the public domain.
12. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules,

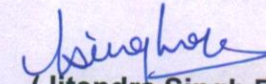
1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF.

13. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
14. A copy of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the Project Proponent to the Heads of the Local Bodies, Panchayat and municipal bodies as applicable in addition to the relevant officers of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
15. The Project Proponent shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at website of the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) at www.mpseiaa.nic.in and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Regional Office, MoEF, Gol, Bhopal.
16. Any appeal against this prior environmental clearance shall lie with the Green Tribunal, if necessary, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

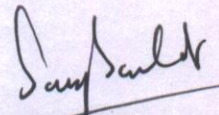
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Endt No. / SEIAA/ 2019
Copy to:-

Dated 23.4.19


(Jitendra Singh Raje)
Member Secretary

1. Principal Secretary, Urban Development & Environment Deptt. 3rd Floor, Mantralaya Vallabh Bhawan, Bhopal.
2. Secretary, SEAC, Research and Development Wing Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony Bhopal-462016.
3. Member Secretary, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-462016.
4. The Collector, Distt- Indore -M.P.
5. The Commissioner, Municipal Corporation, Indore, MP
6. The Jt. Director, Town & Country Planning, Housing Board Complex, A.B. Road, Indore (M.P.)
7. Director, I.A. Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF, Gol, Ministry of Environment & Forest Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi – 110 003
8. Director (S), Regional office of the MOEF, (Western Region), Kendriya Paryavaran Bhawan, Link Road No. 3, Ravi Shankar Nagar, Bhopal-462016.
9. Guard file.


(Dr. Sanjeev Sachdev)
Officer-in-Charge